



ION Engineering
Bold Science for Clean Energy

ION Novel Solvent System for CO₂ Capture FE0005799

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July 8 - 11, 2013

Presentation Outline

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- ION Advanced Solvent Background
- Project Overview
- Technology Fundamentals
- Progress & Current Status
- Plans for Future Commercialization
- Acknowledgements

ION Engineering Background

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Mission Statement:

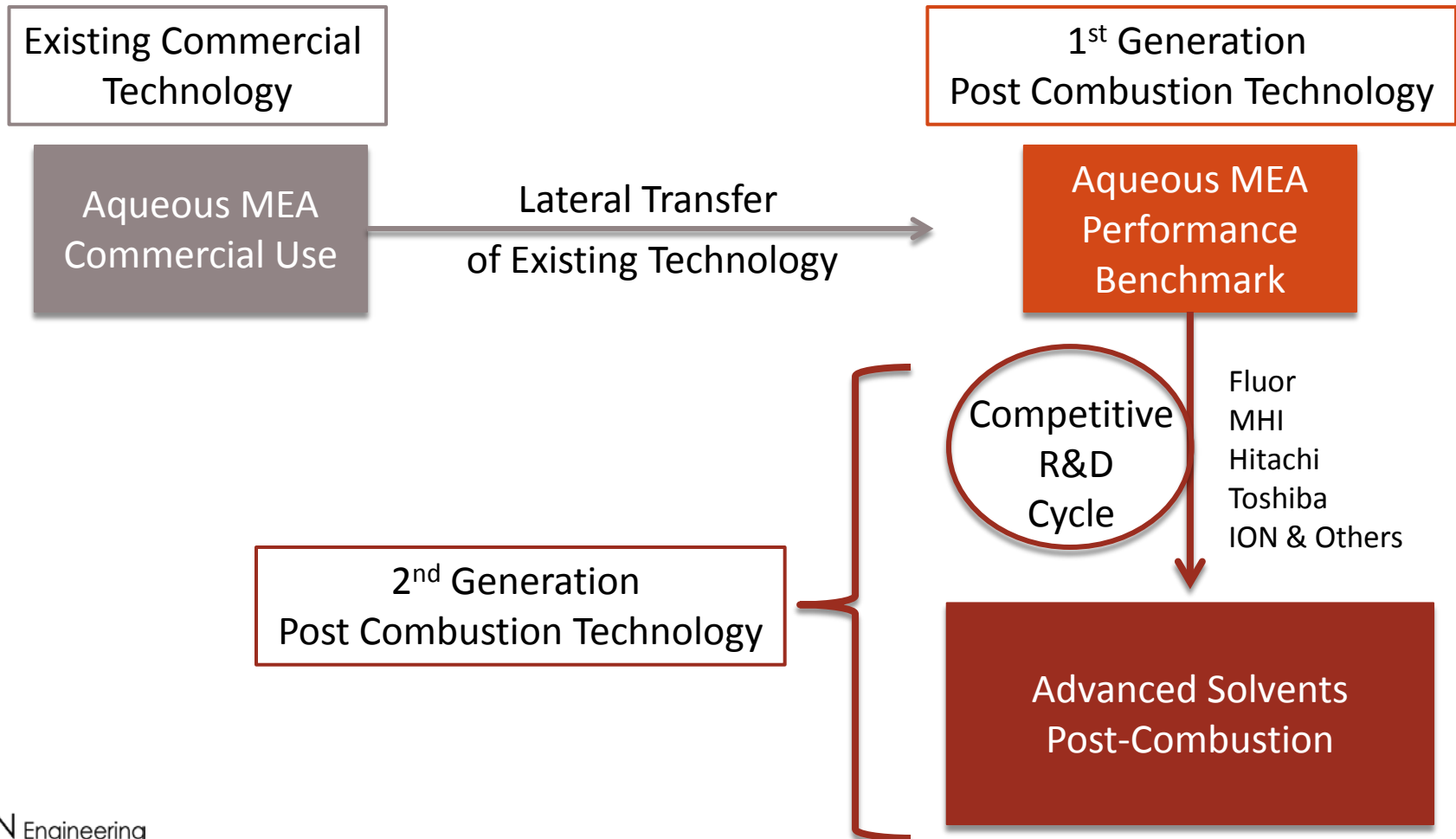
Develop new solvents and processes for *economic* removal of CO₂ from industrial emissions.

Markets:

- Coal-fired flue gas
- NGCC-fired flue gas
- Sour gas processing

1st & 2nd Generation CO₂ Capture

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ION CO₂ Capture Technology

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2nd Generation - Adv. Solvent

- Non-Aqueous Solvent Matrix
- Enables ION to...
 - Manipulate physical and chemical solvent properties
 - Impact reaction rates, extent of reaction & thermal requirements
- Solvents are H₂O miscible & tolerant

1st Generation
Post Combustion Technology

Post-Combustion
Aqueous MEA

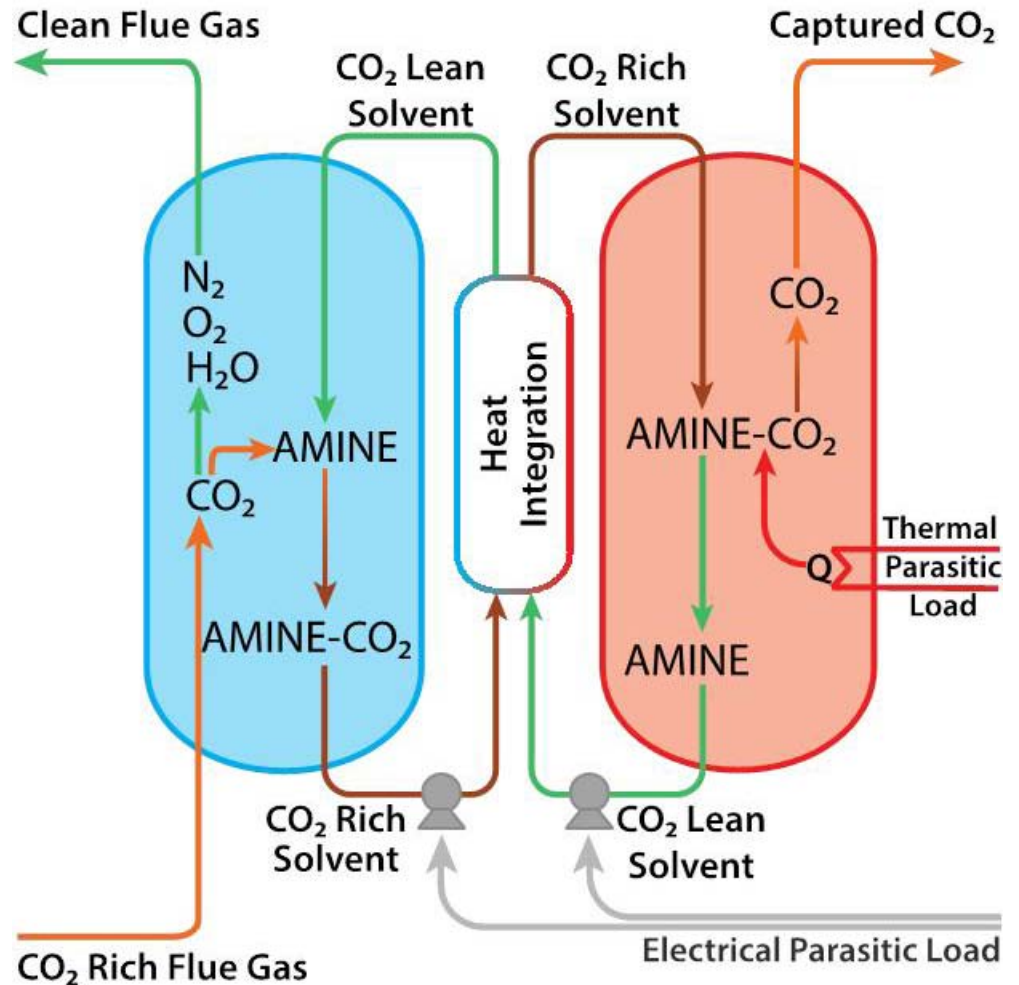
Competitive
R&D
Cycle

Advanced Solvents
Post-Combustion

ION Solvent Process

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- **Retrofit** for 1st generation aqueous amine processes
 - Utilize existing process equipment & capital investments
- Compatible with aqueous amine CO₂ capture processes
- Leverage existing know-how, R&D and technology



Advantages & Challenges

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Advantages

- Regeneration energy
- Circulation rates
- Auxiliary load
- Make-up water
- Established engineering process

Challenges

- Overall capture costs
- Access to CO₂ utilization sites
- Availability of project financing
- Market demand
- Regulatory pressure

ION Advanced Solvent Project Overview

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- 36 month project (Oct. 2010 – Sept. 2013)
- Goal: Determine if ION's solvent has the potential to meet DOE performance objectives
- \$6.5M total project funding
 - \$4.8M DOE
 - \$1.6M ION (25% ION and partners)



CO₂ Capture Project (CCP3)



WorleyParsons
resources & energy



CO₂ Capture Project

Goals and Objectives

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Primary Project Goal:

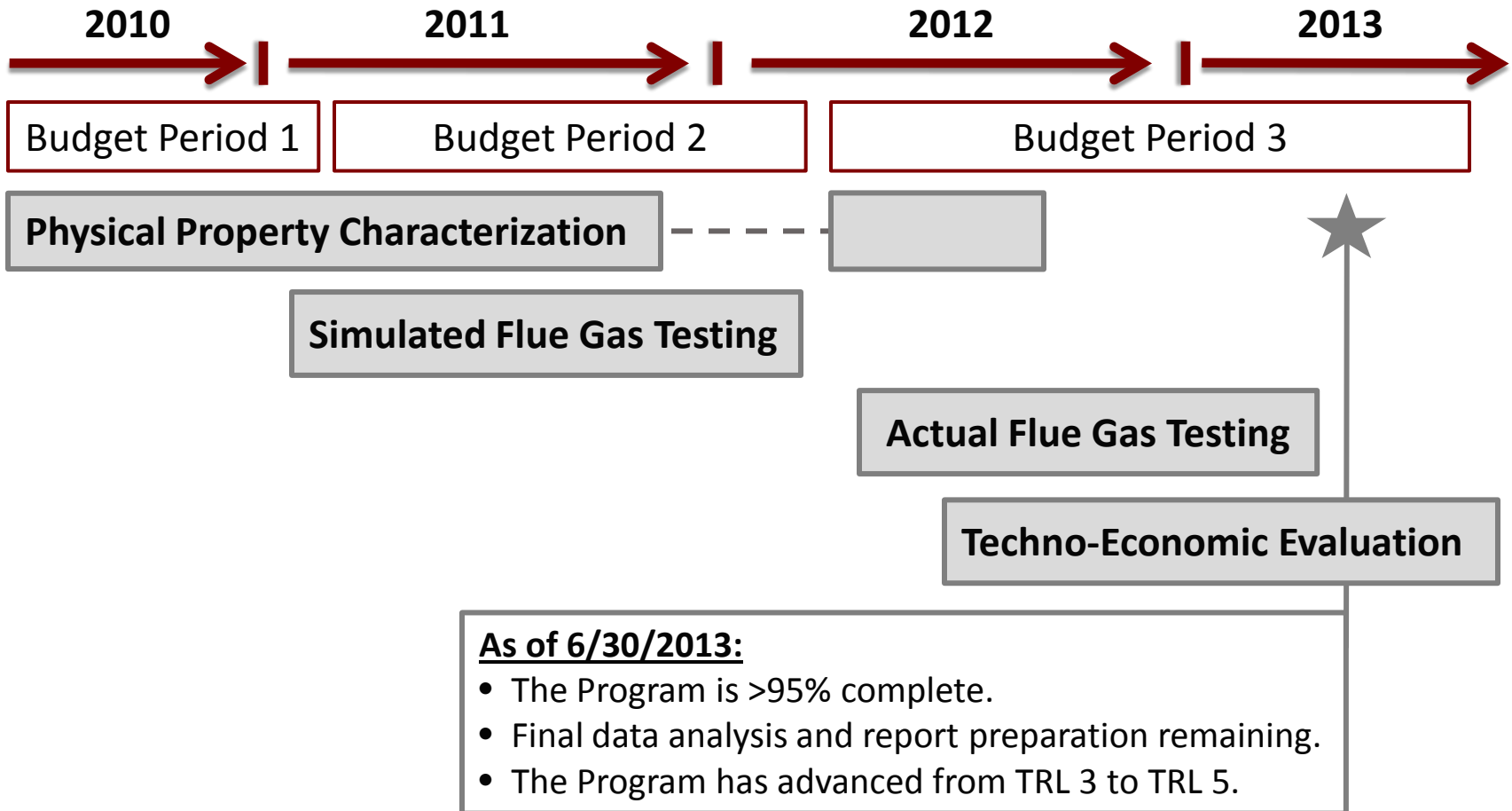
Determine if ION's solvent process can achieve > 90% CO₂ capture with < 35% increase in COE

Primary Objectives:

- Physical & chemical property analyses
- Steady-state testing
- Techno-economic analyses

Scope of Work & Project Status

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Testing at ION

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Chemistry

- Solvent screening and development
- Physical and chemical property analytics

ION Lab Pilot

- Simulated Flue Gas
- Steady state testing
- 0-180 slpm gas; 6-12 gph liquid

Simulations (Aspen Plus)

- Regeneration energy



Testing at EERC

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EERC CTF Facilities

- 550,000 Btu/hr (0.25 MW) multi-fuel capability

ION Testing Program at EERC

- Actual flue gas
- Measurement of heat input required for solvent regeneration
- Performance Benchmarking – Direct comparison to Aq-MEA



Results from 72 hr test at EERC

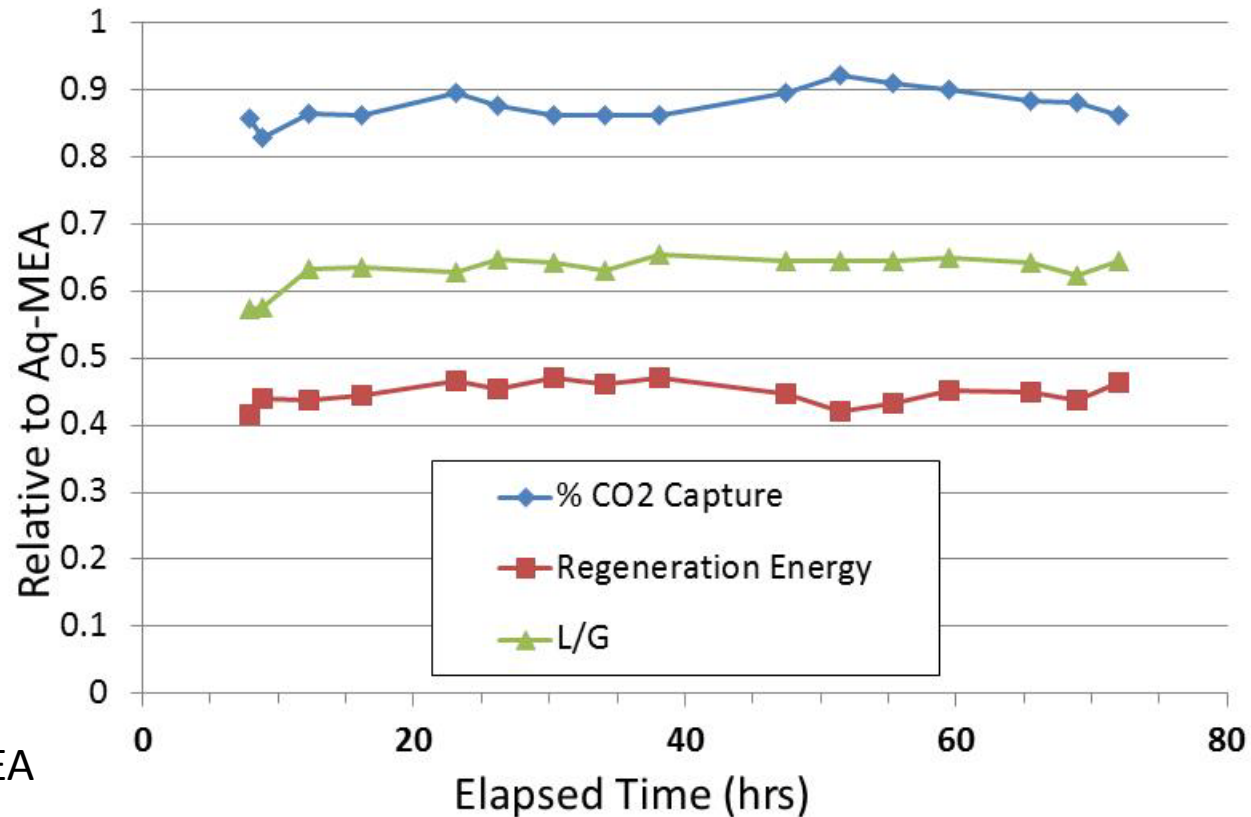
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Test Conditions

- Inlet flue gas:
 - 100 scfm
 - 80-90 °F
- Stripper:
 - 8 psig
 - 220 °F

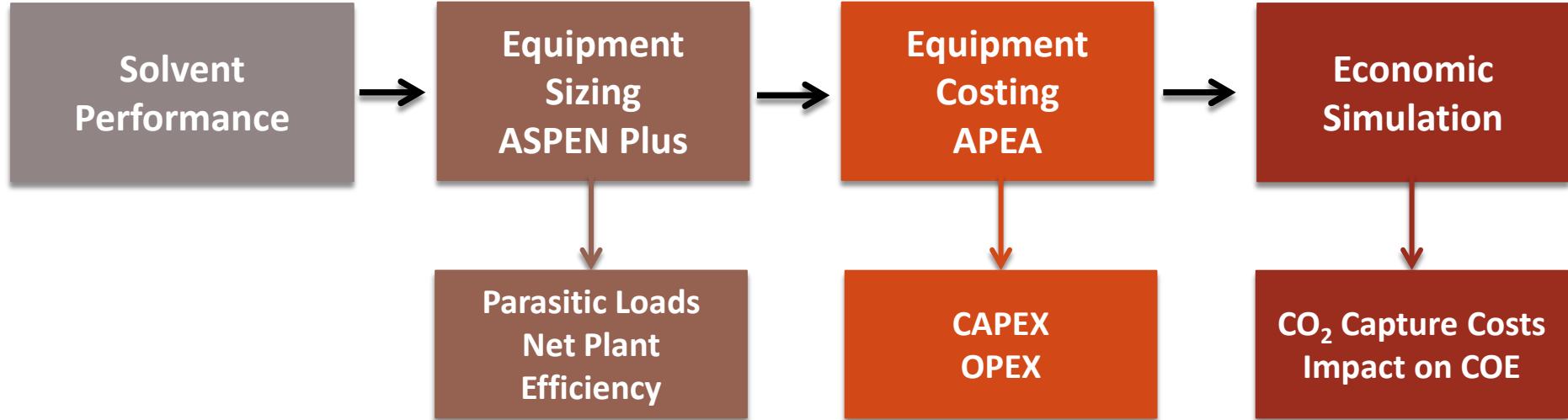
Test Results

- CO₂ capture: 82-92%
- L/G: 35% < MEA
- Regen energy: 55% < MEA



Economic Simulation & Analysis

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Economic Analysis from EERC

	Base Plant Case 9	MEA Case 10	MEA EERC	ION	ION % Change vs EERC MEA
TOC	\$1,160,000	\$2,090,000	\$1,910,000	\$1,700,000	11%
OC_{FIX}	\$33,700	\$56,200	\$53,200	\$44,000	17%
OC_{VAR}	\$22,200	\$39,400	\$37,100	\$30,100	19%
Fuel	\$77,800	\$109,000	\$105,000	\$92,300	12%
COE, \$/MWh	\$64	\$108	\$100	\$88	12%
ICOE, %	NA	69%	57%	37%	35%
\$/ton CO₂	NA	\$45	\$39	\$27	31%

Performance factors used for adjusting Aspen-Based model for ION solvent:
L/G Ratio: 0.75, Regeneration energy: 0.57 relative to EERC MEA

Overall Plant Performance

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	Case 9	Case 10	ION	ION vs. Case 10
Net Power, kWe	550,000	550,000	550,000	
Total Auxiliaries, kWe	33,000	123,000	74,000	(49,000)
Total Power, kWe	583,000	673,000	624,000	(49,000)
Net Plant Efficiency, HHV	37%	26%	31%	5%
Coal Consumption, (ton/yr)	1,920,000	2,690,000	2,270,000	(420,000)

Slipstream Development Pathway

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Initiate 0.5-2 MW Post-Combustion Slipstream Project in 2013

- Identified potential partners
 - Host site
 - Engineering & Construction

- Obtained partner commitments

- Finalize partner & contractor agreements

Q4 2012

Q1 2013

Q2 2013

Q3 2013

Q4 2013

- 0.2 MW operating data for flue gas

- Continue solvent & process optimization

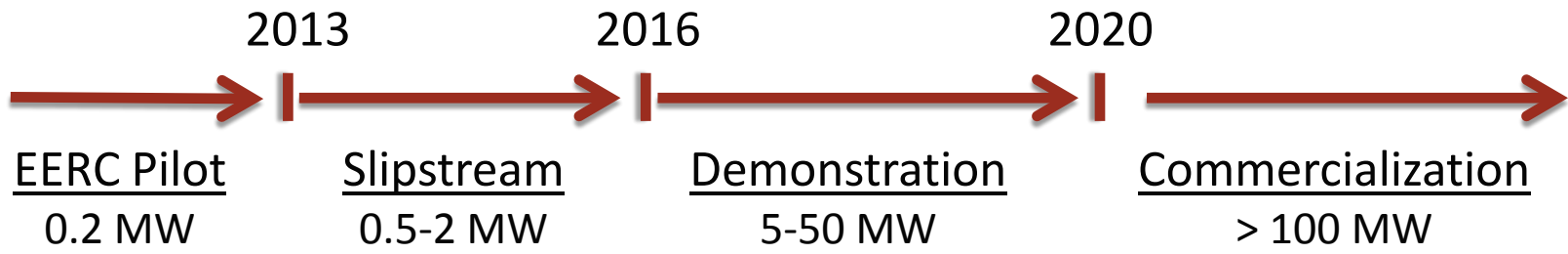
- Preliminary design & costing for slipstream project

- Secure project funding

- Initiate slipstream project

Commercialization Pathways

CO₂ Capture for Coal and Natural Gas Fired Power Generation



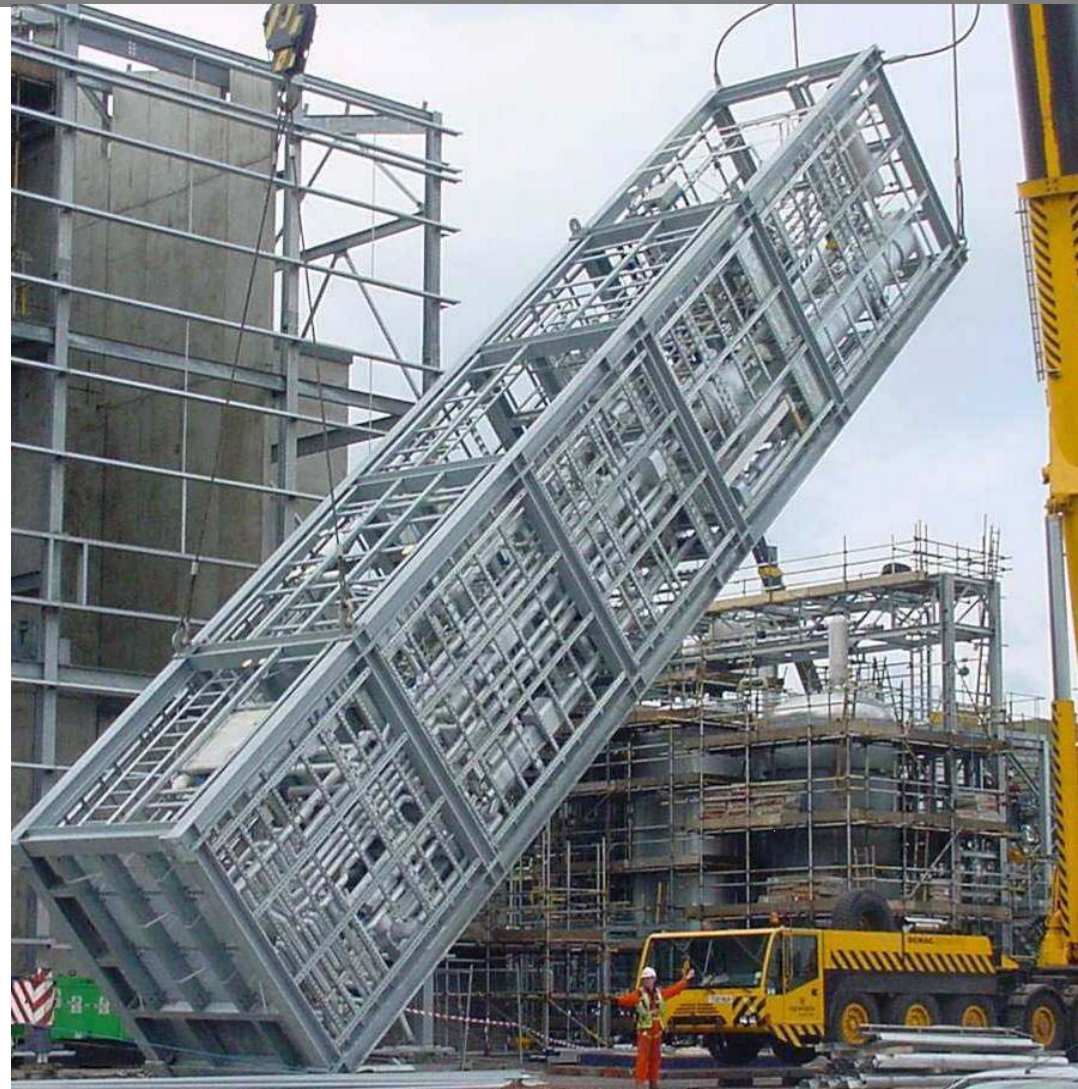
Market Driven Applications: Value Added Products & Services



Scale-Up Potential

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- Reduced engineering, design & operation risk
 - Established Process
- Ability to remain competitive & affordable for low margin markets
 - Process improvements relative to ION solvent are likely but not required
- Short-term supply chain bottlenecks are not anticipated
 - Chemicals are produced in sufficient quantities for scale-up & initial commercialization



Program Acknowledgments

- Funding Sources

- DOE/NETL
- University of Alabama
- EPRI
- CCP3

- R&D Partners

- University of Alabama, Dr. Jason Bara
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- CH2M Hill, Michael DeLallo
- EERC, Brandon Pavlish



CO₂ Capture Project (CCP3)



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CO₂ Capture Project